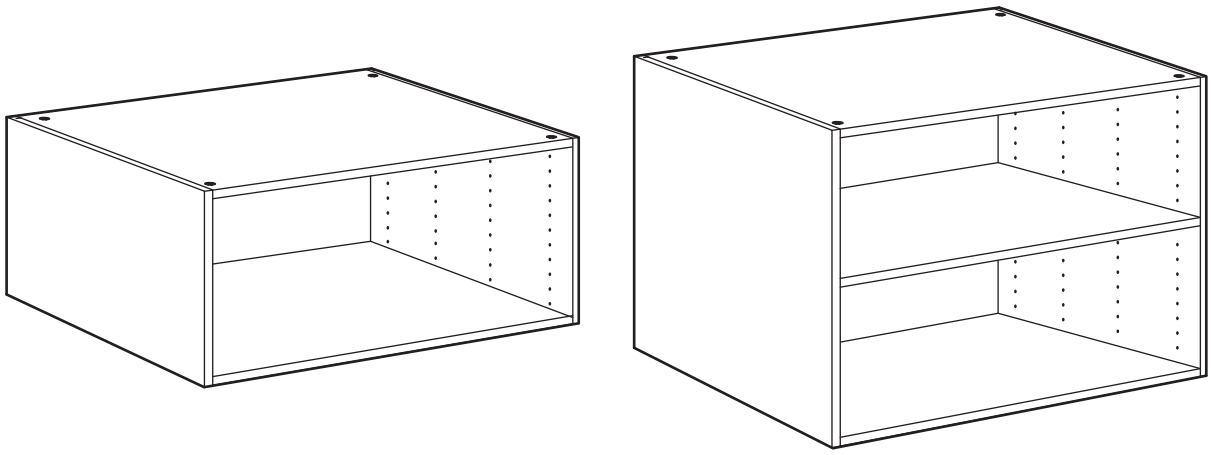
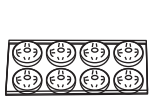
WFR___

WALL REFRIGERATOR CABINET
CAISSON HAUT DE RÉFRIGÉRATEUR



EUROSTYLE



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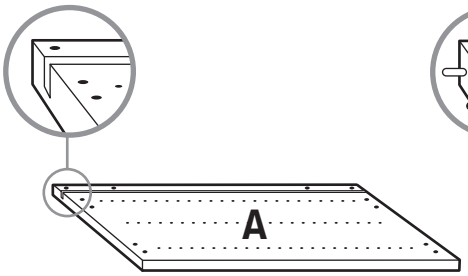

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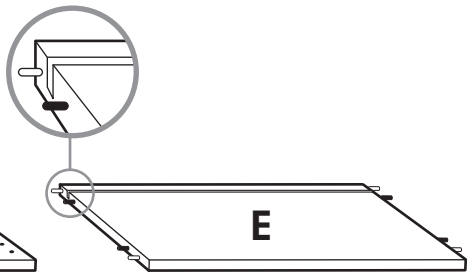

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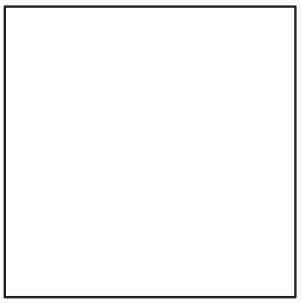

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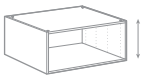

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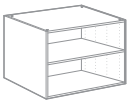
OR / OU



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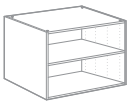

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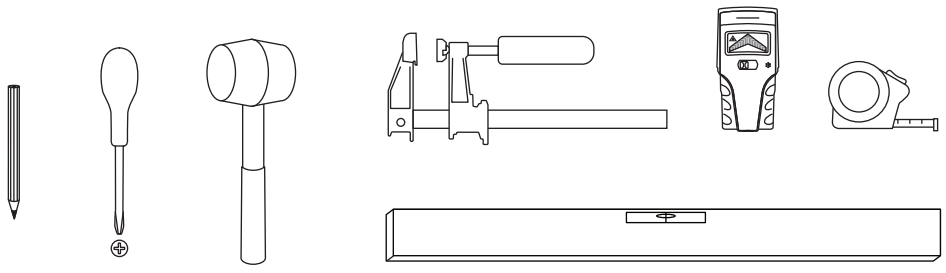

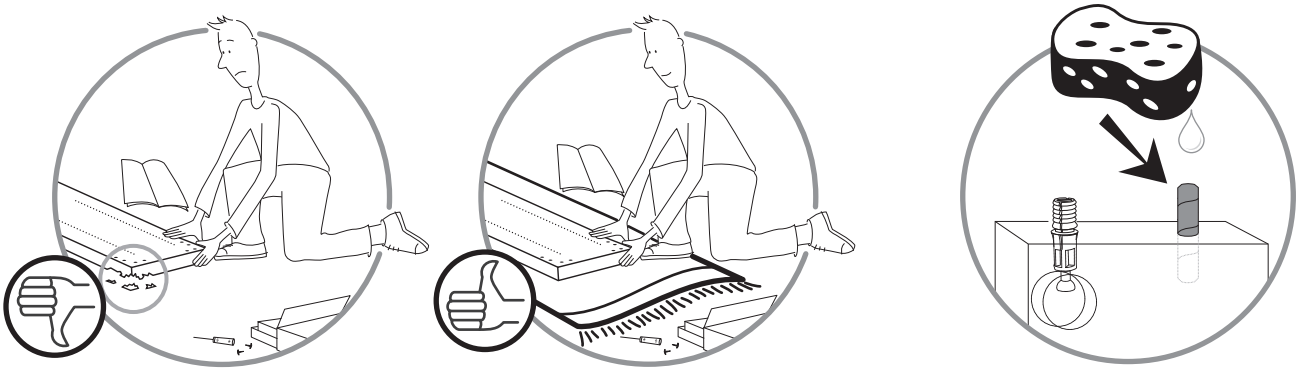

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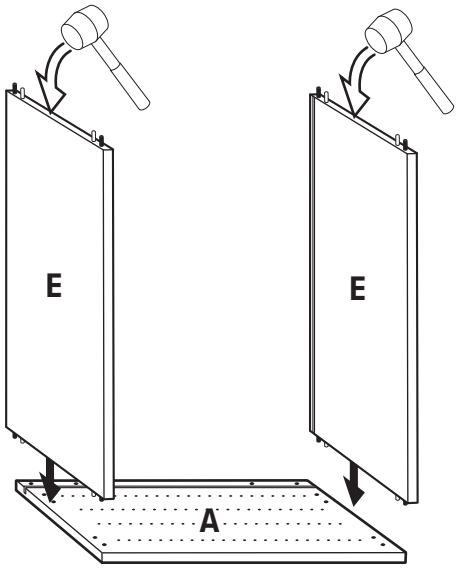

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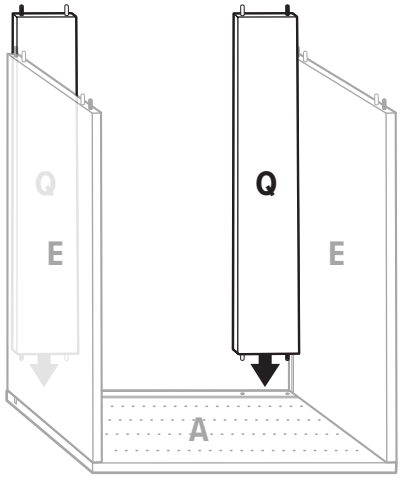

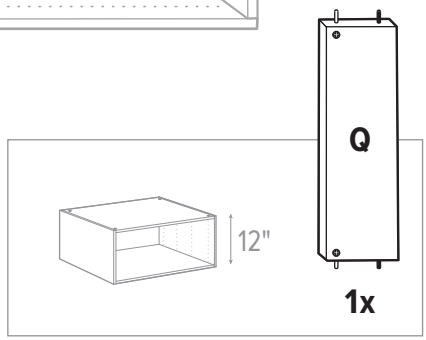

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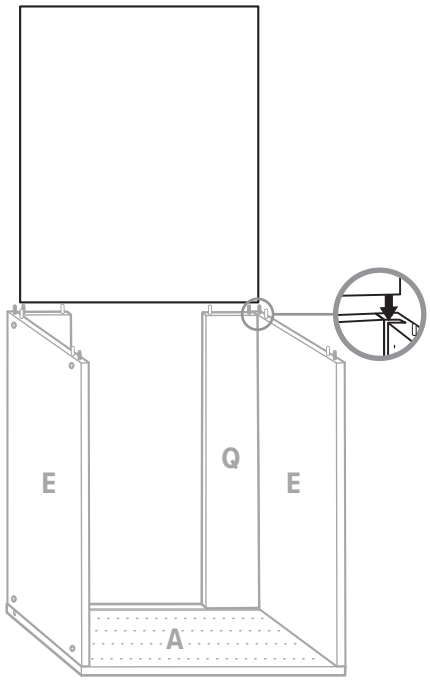

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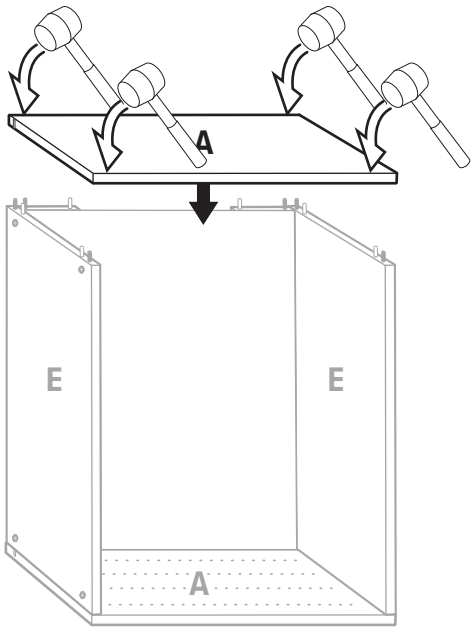

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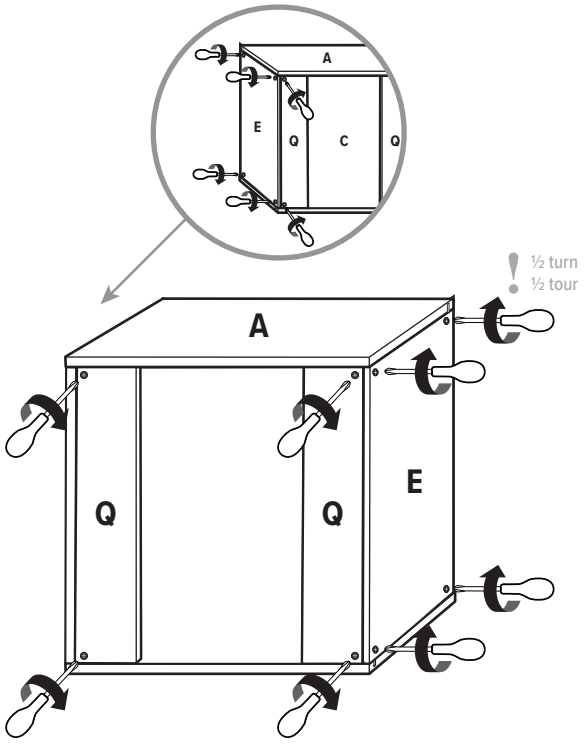

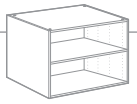

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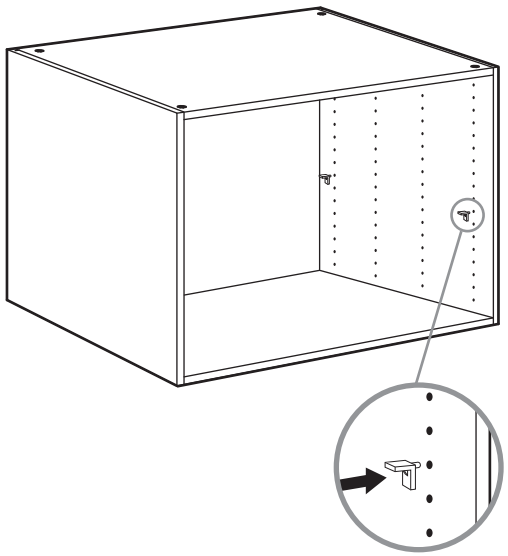

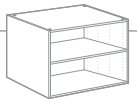

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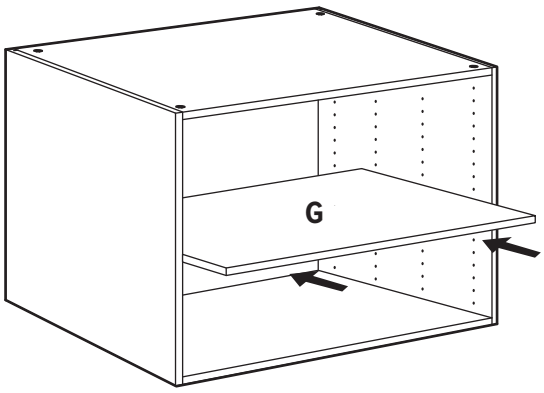
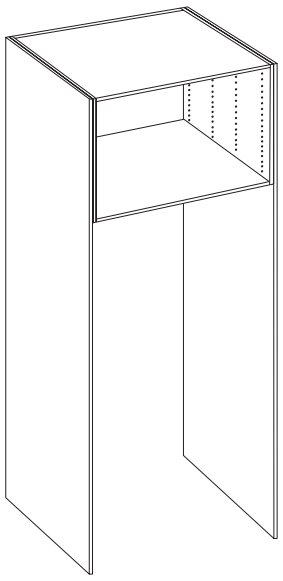
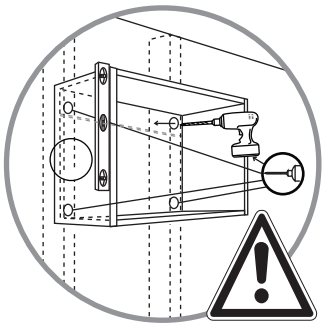


IMPORTANT NOTICE
AVIS IMPORTANT





Cabinet must be securly attached to the wall. It is recommended to install this cabinet between two finishing panels or pantry cabinets.

Le caisson doit être solidement fixé au mur. Il est recommandé d'installer ce caisson entre deux panneaux ou caissons garde-manger.

IMPORTANT HEALTH NOTICE.

Some of the building materials used in this home (or these building materials) emit formaldehyde. Eye, nose and throth irriration, headache, nausea and a variety of asthma-like symptoms, including shortness of breath, have been reported as a result of formaldehyde exposure. Elderly persons and young children, as well wa anyone with a history of asthma, allergies, or lung problems, may be at greater risk. Research is continuing on the possible long-term effects of exposure to formaldehyde. Reduced ventilation may allow formaldehyde and other contaminants to accumulate in the indoor air. High indoor temparatures and humidity raise formaldehyde levels. When a home is to be located in areas subject to extreme summer temperatures, an air-conditioning system can be used to control indoor temperature levels. Other means of controlled mechanical ventilation can be used to reduce levels of formaldehyde and other indoor air contaminants.

If you have any questions regading the health effects of formaldehyde, consult your doctor or local health department.

AVIS IMPORTANT POUR LA SANTÉ

Certains des matériaux de construction utilisés dans cette maison (ou ces matériaux de construction) émettent du formaldéhyde. Une irritation des yeux, du nez et de la gorge, des maux de tête, une nausée et une variété de symptômes similaires à l'asthme, y compris une perte de souffle, ont été signalées à la suite d'une exposition au formaldéhyde. Les personnes âgées et les jeunes enfants, ainsi que toutes les personnes ayant un historique d'asthme, d'allergies ou de problemes pulmonaires, peuvent être à plus grand risque. La recherche se poursuit sur les effets possibles à long terme de l'exposition au formaldéhyde. Une ventilation réduite êut permettre au formaldéhyde et aux autres contaminants de s'accumuler dans l'air intérieur. Les températures intérieures élevées et l'humidité peuvent élever le niveau de formaldéhyde. Lorsqu'une maison est située dans des zones soumises à des températures d'été extrême, un système de climatisation peut être utilisé pour contrôler le niveau de température intérieure. d'autres moyens de ventilation mécanique contrôlée peuvent être utilisés pour réduire les niveaux de formaldéhyde et d'autres contaminants de l'air intérieur.

Si vous avez des questions concertant les effets du formaldéhyde sur la santé, consultez votre médecin ou le service de santé local.